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UNIVERSAL DECLARATION OF HUMAN RIGHTS

The Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR), adopted by the United Nations in 1948, outlines fundamental human rights that should be universally protected. It includes 30 articles that cover civil, political, economic, social, and cultural rights, ensuring the dignity and freedom of every individual. Although not legally binding, it serves as a global standard for human rights and has influenced international law and national policies.

1 EQUALITY & FREEDOM 	2 NON DISCRIMINATION 	3 LIFE & SECURITY 	4 NO SLAVERY 	5 NO TORTURE
6 LEGAL RECOGNITION 	7 EQUAL PROTECTION 	8 LEGAL REMEDY 	9 NO ARBITRARY ARREST 	10 FAIR TRIAL
11 INNOCENT UNTIL GUILTY 	12 PRIVACY RIGHTS 	13 FREE MOVEMENT 	14 SEEK ASYLUM 	15 NATIONALITY RIGHTS
16 MARRIAGE AND FAMILY 	17 OWN PROPERTY 	18 RELIGIOUS FREEDOM 	19 FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION 	20 PEACEFUL ASSEMBLY
21 VOTE AND PARTICIPATE 	22 SOCIAL SECURITY 	23 WORK AND FAIR CONDITIONS 	24 REST AND LEISURE 	25 BASIC NEEDS
26 FREE EDUCATION 	27 CULTURAL RIGHTS 	28 GLOBAL JUSTICE 	29 DUTIES TO THE COMMUNITY 	30 LIMITATIONS ON RIGHTS

YOUR ROLE AS A STUDENT

You have a powerful role in fighting for human rights by raising awareness and getting involved in social justice causes. By educating yourself and others, you help create a more informed society and hold those in power accountable for protecting human rights.

STAND FOR JUSTICE, STAND FOR RIGHTS!



BUILDING COMMUNITY LINKS