QUIZ 5 -PLANNING AND IMPLEMENTING A CLIMATE PROTECTION PROJECT IN A LOCAL COMMUNITY





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Instructions

Below are 8 multiple-choice questions related to planning and implementing a climate protection project in a local community. Choose one correct answer for each question.

1. Which of the following best describes the uniqueness of a project?

- a) The project is a routine activity.
- b) The project has no defined start or end.
- c) Each project has its specific conditions, goals, and challenges.
- d) Projects are identical, which makes their execution easier.

2. What does it mean that a project lasts for a specific period?

- a) The project has no defined end.
- b) The project continues until we achieve the goals or abandon it.
- c) The project has no defined start.
- d) The project is carried out regardless of goal achievement.

3. Which of the following best describes a project as an endeavor?

- a) It is a spontaneous effort without coordination.
- b) It is a deliberate, organized effort involving coordinated actions.
- c) The project does not require organized actions.
- d) The project is an activity that uses no resources.

4. What is the main goal of carrying out a project?

- a) To create new value or achieve a specific outcome.
- b) To perform routine activities.
- c) To complete the project as quickly as possible, regardless of results.
- d) To avoid any actions related to the project.









5. Which of the following benefits results from implementing an action plan?

- a) Reducing the transparency of the project.
- b) Increasing efficiency and productivity.
- c) Increasing the risk of project failure.
- d) Making decision-making more difficult.

6. How can an action plan help reduce the risk of project failure?

- a) It facilitates ignoring risks.
- b) It makes it difficult to identify risks.
- c) It clearly defines the project's goals and objectives and helps identify risks.
- d) It focuses only on short-term tasks.

7. Which of the following is not part of the SMART methodology?

- a) Specific
- b) Measurable
- c) Subjective
- d) Achievable

8. In the Eisenhower Matrix, where should tasks that are important but not urgent be placed?

- a) In the first quadrant: Important and Urgent.
- b) In the second quadrant: Important but Not Urgent.
- c) In the third quadrant: Urgent but Not Important.
- d) In the fourth quadrant: Not Important and Not Urgent.





